TEC-303	Printed Pages : 4					
Roll No. to be filled in you	ır Answe	er Book				
Roll No.						
	В. Т	Гесһ				18-8
THIRD SEMESTER	RUTU	EXAMIN	IATIO	ON, 2	2013-1	14
Electronic Measu	reme	nt and	Inst	rum	entat	ion
Time : Three Hours]		[[Max. Marks: 100			
Note:- Attempt All Ques	tions. A	II Questi	ions c	arry	equal	marks.
Q1. Attempt any fe	our Q	uestion	s of	the	follo	wing:-

- (a) A voltmeter has a range of 0-5 V. The true value of the measured voltage is 3 v, while the read value is 2.95 V. What is the absolute error and relative error?
- (b) Write the need of calibration and explain process of calibration.
- (c) Explain Scries ohmmeter.

4x5=20

- (d) What is the principle of working of magnetic recorders? Explain the recording process.
- (e) Write a short note on PMMC instruments.
- (f) Explain plotters.

Q2. Attempt any four Questions of the following:- 4x5=20

- (a) What is dynamic response? Explain the various types of dynamic response. How are they differ from dynamic characteristics?
- (b) Distinguish between direct and indirect methods of measurement.
 Give examples to support your answer.
- (c) Compare features of digital and analog voltmeters based on advantages and applications.
- (d) Explain the Quieting method to measure sensitivity of communication receivers.
- (e) Derive an expression for the sensitivity of a Wheatstone bridge.
- (f) Write the DSO applications.

Q3. Attempt any two Questions of the following:- 2x10=20

- (a) (i) Define the following with respect to the measuring system:
 - (1) True value
- (2) Static correction
- (3) Relative error
- (4) Reproducibility
- (ii) Explain the working of a True RMS voltmeter.
- (b) Draw a circuit diagram of a Q-meter and explain its working. Give its applications.
- (c) (i) Explain with the help of a diagram the working of simple multimeter.
 - (ii) Explain an arrangement for the measurement of Standing Wave Ratio.

Q4. Attempt any two Questions of the following:- 2x10=20

- (a) A voltmeter having a sensitivity of 100&!/V reads 100V on its 150 V scale when connected across an unknown resistor in series with a milli-ammeter. When the milli-ammeter reads 5mA, Calculate
 - (1) apparent resistance of the unknown resistor,
 - (2) actual resistance of the unknown resistor and
 - (3) error due to the loading effect of voltmeter.
- (b) Explain D/A and A/D converters w.r.t signal conditioning of the inputs.
- (c) Explain the working of Digital Data Recording. Give its applications.

Q5. Attempt any two parts of the following 2x10=20

- (a) (i) Draw the scheme of a Multi-range ammeter. Design a multi-range DC ammeter with an internal resistance 10&!. The full scale deflection current is 10 mA and it is required to measure 0 to 50 mA, 0 to 100 mA and 0 to 250 mA.
 - (ii) Bring out the difference between CRO and recorders. Draw the schematic of a simple X-Y recorder.

P.T.O.

- (b) Define sensitivity and deflection factor of a Cathode Ray Tube(CRT). What are the role of the following in CROs:
 - (i) Time base generator circuit
 - (ii) X-channel
 - (iii) Triggered Sweep
 - (iv) Astigmatism
- (c) Explain the basic elements of a function generator. What is the importance of:
 - (i) Duty cycle
 - (ii) Rise time

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